Mr. SCOTT of Florida. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, and that the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 60) was agreed

The preamble was agreed to.

(The resolution, with its preamble, is printed in today's RECORD under "Submitted Resolutions.")

Mr. SCOTT of Florida. Mr. President, I yield the floor.

# EXECUTIVE CALENDAR—Continued

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Florida.

Mr. SCOTT of Florida. Mr. President, I ask that the previously scheduled rollcall vote start immediately.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### VOTE ON GARCIA NOMINATION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the Garcia nomination?

Mr. SCOTT of Florida. Mr. President, I ask for the yeas and nays.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There is a sufficient second.

The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Pennsylvania Casey) is necessarily absent.

The result was announced—yeas 53, nays 46, as follows:

## [Rollcall Vote No. 15 Ex.]

# YEAS-53

Baldwin Bennet Blumenthal Booker Brown Cantwell Cardin Carper Collins Coons Cortez Masto Duckworth Durbin Feinstein Fetterman Gillibrand Graham Hassan	Heinrich Hickenlooper Hirono Kaine Kelly King Klobuchar Luján Manchin Markey Menendez Merkley Murkowski Murphy Murray Ossoff Padilla Peters	Reed Rosen Sanders Schatz Schumer Shaheen Sinema Smith Stabenow Tester Van Hollen Warner Warnock Warren Welch Whitehouse Wyden
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# NT A 37 C 4 C

	NA 1 S-40	
Barrasso Blackburn Boozman Braun Britt Budd Capito Cassidy Cornyn	Grassley Hagerty Hawley Hoeven Hyde-Smith Johnson Kennedy Lankford Lee	Risch Romney Rounds Rubio Schmitt Scott (FL) Scott (SC) Sullivan Thune Tillis Tuberville Vance Wicker Young
Cotton Cramer Crapo Cruz Daines Ernst Fischer	Lummis Marshall McConnell Moran Mullin Paul Ricketts	

#### NOT VOTING-1

Casev

The nomination was confirmed.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. MAR-KEY). Under the previous order, the motion to reconsider is considered made and laid upon the table, and the President will be immediately notified of the Senate's action.

#### CLOTURE MOTION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Pursuant to rule XXII, the Chair lays before the Senate the pending cloture motion, which the clerk will state.

The legislative clerk read as follows: CLOTURE MOTION

We, the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, do hereby move to bring to a close debate on the nomination of Executive Calendar No. 15. Adrienne C. Nelson, of Oregon, to be United States District Judge for the District of Or-

Richard J. Durbin, Sheldon Whitehouse, Martin Heinrich, Tim Kaine, Tammy Baldwin, Ben Ray Luján, Tammy Duckworth, John W. Hickenlooper, Amy Klobuchar, Jack Reed, Jeanne Shaheen, Brian Schatz, Edward J. Markey, Benjamin L. Cardin, Alex Padilla, Margaret Wood Hassan, Catherine Cortez Masto.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. By unanimous consent, the mandatory quorum call has been waived.

The question is, Is it the sense of the Senate that debate on the nomination of Adrienne C. Nelson, of Oregon, to be United States District Judge for the District of Oregon, shall be brought to a close?

The yeas and nays are mandatory under the rule.

The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the from Pennsylvania Senator Casey) is necessarily absent.

Mr. THUNE. The following Senators are necessarily absent: the Senator from Utah (Mr. LEE) and the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. TILLIS).

Further, if present and voting, the Senator from Utah (Mr. LEE) would have voted "nay" and the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. TILLIS) would have voted "nay."

The yeas and nays resulted—yeas 53, nays 44, as follows:

## [Rollcall Vote No. 16 Ex.]

## VEAS-53

	11110 00	
Baldwin	Graham	Murray
Bennet	Hassan	Ossoff
Blumenthal	Heinrich	Padilla
Booker	Hickenlooper	Peters
Brown	Hirono	Reed
Cantwell	Kaine	Rosen
Cardin	Kelly	Sanders
Carper	King	Schatz
Collins	Klobuchar	Schumer
Coons	Luján	Shaheen Sinema
Cortez Masto	Manchin	
Duckworth	Markey	Smith
Durbin	Menendez	Stabenow
Feinstein	Merkley	
Fetterman	Murkowski	Tester
Gillibrand	Murphy	Van Holler

LIL		801
Warner Warnock	Warren Welch	Whitehouse Wyden
Barrasso Blackburn Boozman Braun Britt Budd Capito Cassidy Cornyn Cotton Cramer Crapo Cruz Daines Ernst	NAYS—44  Fischer Grassley Hagerty Hawley Hoeven Hyde-Smith Johnson Kennedy Lankford Lummis Marshall McConnell Moran Mullin Paul	Ricketts Risch Romney Rounds Rubio Schmitt Scott (FL) Scott (SC) Sullivan Thune Tuberville Vance Wicker Young
	NOT VOTING	—3

# Tillis

Lee Casey

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. WARNOCK). On this vote, the year are 53, the navs are 44.

The motion is agreed to.

## EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

PRESIDING OFFICER. The The clerk will report the nomination.

The bill clerk read the nomination of Adrienne C. Nelson, of Oregon, to be United States District Judge for the District of Oregon.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Rhode Island.

## U.S. SUPREME COURT

Mr. WHITEHOUSE. Mr. President, I am back today now for the 20th time to shed a little light on the dark money scheme to capture and control our Supreme Court.

Part of what allows that scheme to flourish is the ethics-free zone around the Supreme Court. It is quite unique. So let's look at it.

The last time I gave this speech, No. 19, I walked through the various problems with how the Supreme Court handles allegations of misconduct by the Justices.

The short answer is that it doesn't.

The U.S. Supreme Court is the only court in the country not covered by an ethics code. And worse than that, it is the only part of the Federal Government that has no process for ethics investigation and enforcement—none.

Now, any meaningful ethics regime contains three things: first, a process for receiving complaints; second, a process for investigating those complaints once they are received; and, third, a process for reporting the result and holding powerful people accountable should those complaints turn out to be merited.

The House and the Senate, for instance, we have our Ethics Committees. The executive branch has inspector generals and the attorney general. The Federal courts, except the Supreme Court, have their own investigative procedures. It is just the Supreme Court that has none. The closest you get is probably a motion to recuse.

Let's start with the difficulty of raising ethics complaints with the Supreme Court. People who are concerned about ethics violations over at the Court have to get pretty creative because the Court has no place to submit